

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP), 2015/830, 2020/878 and THE REACH etc. (AMENDMENT etc)(EU EXIT) REGULATIONS 2020

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name Hydrocor 232
CAS No. Mixture
EC No. Mixture
REACH Registration No Not applicable

Unique Formulation Identifier

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Use(s)

Anti-scale/corrosion cooling water treatment and dispersant

Uses Advised Against No specific uses advised against are identified

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Company Identification Hydro-X Group Ltd
Address of Supplier Unit 1, Manor Drive
Dinnington

South Yorkshire

Postal code S25 3QU

Telephone: +44 (0) 1909 565133 Fax +44 (0) 1909 564301 E-mail technical@hydro-x.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone No. +44 (0) 1909 565133 (09:00-17:00 UK time)

National response centre

Address National Poisons Information Service

Emergency Phone No. +44 (0) 344 892 0111 (Healthcare Professionals only)

NHS Direct +44 111 (Members of the public)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Carcinogenicity Category 2

Skin Corrosion Category 1B
Eye Damage Category 1
STOT Single Exposure (Respiration) Category 3

2.2 Label elements According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Product Name Hydrocor 232

Hazard Pictogram(s)





Signal Word(s) Danger

Hazard Statement(s) H351: Suspected of causing cancer

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statement(s) P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301+P330+P331: IF ŠWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair) Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P305+P351+P338+P310: IF IN EYES Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician P310: Immediately call a POISON/CENTER/doctor

P501: Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation

Supplementary precautionary statements

P260: Do not breathe vapour/spray

P264: Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405: Store locked up

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### 2.4 Additional Information

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT(S)	CAS No.	EC No. / REACH Registration No.	%W/W	Hazard Statement(s)	Hazard Pictogram(s)
Silicic acid, sodium salt	1344-09-8	215-687-4 / 01-2119448715- 31-xxxx	25-50	Met. Corr. 1 H290 Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE3 H335	GHS05
2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4- tricarboxylic acid	37971-36-1	253-733-5 / 01-211943643- 39-xxxx	2.5-5	Met. Corr. 1 H290 Eye Irrit. 2 H319	GHS07
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	215-185-5 01-2119457892- 27-xxxx	2.5-5	Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318	GHS05
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	5064-31-3	225-596-6 01-2119519239- 36-xxxx	1-2.4	Carc. 2 H351 Acute Tox. 4 H302 Eye Irrit. 2 H319	GHS07 GHS08
Methyl-1H-benzotriazole	29385-43-1	249-596-6 01-2119979081- 35-xxxx	1-2.4	Acute Tox. 4 H302 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Aquatic Chron. 3 H412	GHS07 GHS08 GHS09

See Section 16 for full text of abbreviations

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Ingestion

Inhalation Remove affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing remains difficult.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persevere after washing

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before removing it from the affected person,

or wear gloves. Do NOT carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye Contact OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY Rinse immediately with plenty of

water. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Continue to rinse for at

least 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist examination.

Ingestion If patient is conscious, wash out mouth with water and make patient drink plenty of

water. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that vomit

does not enter the lungs. Obtain medical attention if discomfort continues.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Skin contact

Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness

May cause chemical burns in the mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms

following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea,

Inhalation Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include

the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat., headache, fatigue, dizziness and

nausea

See also Section 11

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Chemical burns must be treated by a physician

Contains Trisodium nitrilotriacetate, suspected of causing cancer

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog as

appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Containers can burst or explode under pressure when heated. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for extinguishing that has been in contact with product may be corrosive. Combustion evolves toxic or corrosive gases: Carbon monoxide and dioxide (CO2 and CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Phosphorus oxides (POx)

**5.3 Advice for firefighters** Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Cool containers exposed to fire with water

spray. Remove then from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Ventilate

closed spaces before entering them.

Special protective equipment Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained

breathing apparatus.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation

**6.2 Environmental precautions**Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. If necessary, dike the product with dry

earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Transfer waste to labelled, sealed containers. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with local and national regulations.

**6.4 Reference to other sections** See Also Sections 8,11 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Read and follow the manufacturer's instructions. Wear protective clothing as described in section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Persons susceptible to allergies should not handle this product.

Follow principles of good occupational hygiene. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly-closed original container in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep

containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage temperature Ambient.

Storage life Stable under normal conditions.
Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Aluminium

7.3 Specific end use(s) Anti-scale/corrosion cooling water treatment and dispersant

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredient	LTEL (8 hours)	STEL (15 minutes)
Sodium hydroxide	-	2 mg/m3

DNEL Not available PNEC Not available

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures and other engineering

controls including local exhaust ventilation to minimise worker exposure.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Eye Protection Wear tightly fitting safety goggles (EN166).

Skin protection Wear protective clothing, footwear and gloves: Impervious gloves (EN 374).

Breakthrough time: 480 minutes. Consult supplier regarding glove material and

breakthrough times.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate to control exposure, a suitable mask with an organic

vapour filter type A (EN136, EN140 EN405 or EN14387) may be appropriate. Ensure that equipment is 'CE' or 'UKCA' marked and respirator fits tightly.

8.2.3. Environmental Exposure Controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Check emissions from ventilation or

process equipment to ensure that they comply with workplace and environmental

legislation.

Additional comments Provide eyewash station. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating,

smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

## **SECTION 9:PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid

Colour Clear to Pale yellow

Odour Characteristic odour. Threshold not determined

pH 12.6

Melting point/freezing point Not available

Initial boiling point and boiling range ~ 100 degC @ 760 mm Hg.

Flash Point Test not scientifically justifiable: solution in water

Evaporation rate (n-butyl acetate=1)

Not available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Test not sci

Upper/lower flammability or explosive Test no

limits

Test not scientifically justifiable: solution in water

Test not scientifically justifiable: solution in water

Vapour pressure at 20 degC 2 kPa (Estimated)
Vapour density Not applicable : water

Density (g/ml) ~ 1.2 Relative density ~ 1.2

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Test not scientifically justifiable for mixture. See Section 12.3

Auto-ignition temperature Test not scientifically justifiable: solution in water

Decomposition Temperature (°C)

Test not scientifically justifiable: solution boils at 100 degC

Viscosity at 20 degC Not available

Explosive properties Test not scientifically justifiable: solution in water

Oxidising properties Study does not need to be conducted. On basis of chemical structures of

ingredients, product is incapable of reacting exothermically with combustible

material.

### 9.2 Other information

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity No potentially hazardous reactions known

10.2 Chemical Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known

Will not polymerise

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Aluminium

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate corrosive or toxic fumes: Carbon monoxide and dioxide (CO2 and CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Phosphorus oxides

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - Ingestion Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met ATE > 2000 mg/kg Acute toxicity - Skin Contact Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met ATE > 5 mg/kg Acute toxicity - Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met ATE > 2000 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe burns (Calculated)

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage (Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed) Skin sensitization data Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Respiratory sensitization data Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Germ cell mutagenicity Does not contain any ingredients classified as mutagenic Suspected of causing cancer (Trisodium nitrilotriacetate) (Calculated)

Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Does not contain any ingredients classified as toxic to reproduction Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Lactation

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

## 11.1.2 Toxicological Data

	LD50 (Ingestion)	LC50 (Inhalation)	LD50 (Skin
	mg/kg	mg/l	Contact) mg/kg
Silicic acid,	3400	> 20	> 5000
sodium salt			
2- phosphonobutane- 1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid	> 6500	2.0	> 4000
Sodium hydroxide	Not available	Not available	Not available
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	1100	LC0 > 2.3	> 2000
Methyl-1H- benzotriazole	720	Not available	> 2000

### 11.1.5 Symptoms/routes of exposure

Skin contact Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness

Ingestion May cause chemical burns in the mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms

following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea,

Vomiting

Inhalation Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.

11.1.6 Symptoms related to the potential physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Skin disorders, breathing difficulty

as well as chronic effects from short and long term exposure

11.1.7 Delayed and immediate effects Inhalation and ingestion may cause following adverse effects: Irritation of mouth, throat and respiratory tract, coughing, dizziness, drowsiness, headache, nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, central nervous system depression. Skin contact may cause irritation, redness and blistering

**11.1.10 Mixtures** Mixture has not been tested for effects as a whole.

Silicic acid, sodium salt Corrosive to eyes and skin. Irritating to respiratory system

Trisodium nitrilotriacetate Suspected of causing cancer

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting

properties

Does not contain any ingredients with endocrine disrupting properties

#### 11.2.2 Information on other hazards

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**12.1 Toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicity - Fish
Toxicity - Aquatic invertebra

Toxicity - Aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity - Algae

ATE> 800 mg/l ATE> 800 mg/l ATE> 800 mg/l

	LC50 (Fish) mg/L	EC50 (Daphnia) mg/L	EC50 (Algae) mg/L
Silicic acid, sodium salt	1100	1700	207
2- phosphonobutane- 1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid	1040	1070	1080
Sodium hydroxide	Not available	40	Not available
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	103	115	91
Methyl-1H- benzotriazole	55	55	53

12.2 Persistence and Degradation

Trisodium nitrilotriacetate is rapidly biodegradable Other ingredients are not biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The ingredients of the product are not bioaccumulative

	Log KoW	BCF
Silicic acid,	Not feasible	Test not performed:
sodium salt		Low potential for bioaccumulation
2-	-1.36	Test not performed:
phosphonobutane-		Low potential for bioaccumulation
1,2,4-tricarboxylic		
acid		
Sodium hydroxide	Not feasible	Test not performed:
		Low potential for bioaccumulation
Trisodium	-13.2	Test not performed:
nitrilotriacetate		Low potential for bioaccumulation
Methyl-1H-	1.08	Test not performed:
benzotriazole		Low potential for bioaccumulation

12.4 Mobility in soil

The ingredients in this product have high mobility in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The ingredients of the product are not classified as PBT or vPvB

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The European Chemical Agency Endocrine Disruptor Assessment List does not include any of the product's ingredients

12.7 Other adverse effects

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Minimise or avoid the generation of waste wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. When handling waste, follow the safety precautions that apply to the handling of the product. Dispose of this product in accordance with local and national legislation. Disposal is normally by a licensed waste disposal contractor

13.2 Additional Information

Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 UN number UN3266 (ADR, RID, ADN, IATA, ICAO, IMDG)

14.2 UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SILICIC ACID, SODIUM SALT,

SODIUM HYDROXIDE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 8 ADR/RID classification code: C5



**Transport labels** 

14.4 Packing group

14.5 Environmental hazards Not a marine pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-A, S-B

ADR Transport category 2

Emergency Action Code 2X

**Hazard Identification Number** 

(ADR/RID)

80

Tunnel restriction code E

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk According to IMO instruments

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (As amended)

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009

EH40/2005 Workplace Exposure Limits

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc)(EU Exit) Regulations 2020

### European Regulations - Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use

(EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and amendments

(EC)1272/2008 - Classification, Labelling & Packaging Regulation

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** A REACH chemical safety assessment has not been carried out by the supplier

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: #1 to #16

# **LEGEND**

Hazard Pictogram(s)
Section #2 and Section #3



Hazard classification

Carcinogenicity Category 2 Skin Corrosion Category 1B Section #2 Eve Damage Category 1

STOT Single Exposure (Respiration) Category 3

Hazard Statement(s) Section #2 and Section #3 H351: Suspected of causing cancer

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H290: May be corrosive to metals H302: Harmful if swallowed H318: Causes serious eye damage H319: Causes serious eye irritation

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Acronyms** 

AND: European Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR: European Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF: Bioaccumulation Concentration Factor

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of

substances and mixtures DNEL: Derived No Effect Level EC: European Community ECHA: European Chemical Agency

EH40: UK Health and Executive EH40/2005 publication - Workplace exposure limits

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

IATA: International Air Transport Authority

IBC: International Bulk Carriers

ICAO:International Civil Aviation Organisation IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission IMDG:International Maritime Dangerous Goods (Code)

LTEL: Long term exposure limit

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID: Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Sources of information

UK Health and Executive EH40/2005 publication – Workplace exposure limits European Chemical Agency : Guidance and Registered Substances Database Suppliers' Safety Data Sheets

Calculation, classification and labelling

methods

(EC) 1272/2008:

Annex I Additivity Method (Acute Toxicity) Summation Method (Aquatic toxicity) Tables 3.2.3, 3.3.3 and 3.7.2 (Irritation etc)

Anney IV

ECHA Guidance Notes

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